



Stronger hearts, healthier futures.

Children with cardiomyopathy have abnormalities of the heart muscle fibers that can lead to disability and death. A study supported by the CRCM and the National Institutes of Health followed over 3,500 children from nearly 100 pediatric cardiology centers for more than 20 years. This information was used to create a database to help pediatric cardiologists improve care, and the findings were featured in the Journal of the American College of Cardiology.

Studying these cases in the database helps pediatric cardiologists predict which children will do better or worse with specific courses of treatment, including transplants. For the first-time, results show improved survival rates for cardiomyopathy patients who did not receive heart transplants.

- A second cardiomyopathy study has implications in how to treat two types of dilated cardiomyopathy
- Findings from this second study were published in the American Heart Association's journal, Circulation Heart Failure

Help strengthen hearts and futures while advancing possibilities by visiting CHMFoundation.org/CRCM or calling 313.745.0318.